THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

VOL. VI .-- No 124.

PHILADELPHIA, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1866.

DOUBLE SHEET-THREE CENTS.

Wendell Phillips on the Condition of the Country and the Duty of Con-

From the Anti-Slavery Standard of to-day. We hear of compromises to be suggested by the President. It is rumored that he is prepared to adopt Mr. Greeiey's plan, universal amnesty, and universal or impartial suffrage. The Democratic party, it is said, and the Southern Rebels also accept this. We may be obliged to submit to it now, since treason in the White House and "practical statesmanship (?) in the capital have lost us the golden opportunity of May, 1865. Such terms are a preventive of future rebellions; the precedent thus set, that men may rebel at Richmond, starve and torture at Andersonville, play the brute at Fort Pillow, riot and murder at Memphis and New Orleans, and still laugh at law and justice.

But with a traitor in the Presidential chair, with the dominant party all at sea, without chart or pilot, its officers having shut themselves up in the cabin, stuffed their ears with cotton, and covered their eyes sevenfold for fear of the lightning and the noise; with timid non-combatants for editors of our leading journalsevery Republican fort "covered constantly with flage of armistice" — what better could we

e only enter our protest that no such plan will restore peace to the South, no such plan will give room for even the commencement of real reconstruction. Accept such a plan and leave the South to carry it out, and we may look to see her, for some years to come, repeating the bloody, bankrupt, aimless, and barren anarchy of Mexico. No State charter of political rights to the negro will ever secure him the efficient and substantial exercise of them. All grant of righte to him by the bigoted, besotted, angered, and revengeful white mea of the South, will lack an "Executive principle," as Burke

and Canning long ago warned us.

What the South needs is peace, and a cordial welcome of Northern brains, capital, and enter-prise. Without this, reconstruction cannot com-In order to have this, the antipathies between her classes must be kept down by the strong arm of the United States; her old leaders, potsoned and potsoning all others, must be silenced and curbed; and her streets made safe for any man, however hated, who brings mind, money, schools, and energy with him.

Give the negro his political rights, and inaugurate this state of things, and in ten years the South will become, like the West, the counterpart, with the healthy differences, of the Northeast-the cradle and true mouid of the nation.

At present, the country population of the South is in a hopeful state of mind and feeling. easily moulded and led, because always accustomed to be led. The cities and old political hacks, resuscitated by their rotten comrade in the White House, are full of mischief. The reat leaders of the South, its large property holders and educated men, except a few Gascons like Wade Hampton, realize their situation. Could the Government hold the South quiet while real reconstruction commenced, these men would in three years be its warmest friends. They looked on slavery as an investment, not as a political hobby, and now that is ended, seek to throw off those "old men of the sea," Pol-lard, Pryor, and the rest, in order to improve, accumulate, amuss, and enjoy. If true statesmanship could have managed this crisis, all power in the rebellious territories would have been intrusted to loyal hands, black and white, and then the Aikens, Musroes, Pollards and Wade Hamptons would have been protected by Civit Rights bills and Bareaus from any possible misuse of this exclusive power on the part of our white and black allies. But as that opportunity was lost, we must protect the negro for two or three years, as he rises into his place, and then States may be safely formed, and most of the powers formerly conceded to State overeignty may be intrusted to it again. The war has taught us that the regulation of citizenship, its civil and political rights, ought always to be retained by the Federal Government.

Our claim is that Congress shall wholly ignore the military boards and committees of pardone! Rebels which call themselves "States." Let no Executive sanction induce Congress to recognize such assistance. It is not yet time to authorize those Territories to form State Coveraments.

Secondly. Whenever any bargain is made, and whatever its terms, let it be guaranteed by the United States. Let the political equality right of each citizen be secured by the Federal Constitution. The South, when she could not has always cheated her victim. violently rob, The Missouri Compromise was evaded by smugling into that State two or three counties north of the forbidden line, years before it was openly set aside by unblushing fraud. So will any ar rangements made by States for the negro be evaded or annulled. "Punic faith" is pure gold, a spotless Abdiel,

compared with Southern trickery, in all that relates to the negro and the nation.

"Bombastes Furioso," in a New York Court several years ago, to an Abolitionist who demanded his bond, and not his promise, to produce there again an alleged slave.
"I know you steal, and see no reason why

you should not also lie," was the quiet reply: which embodies volumes of wisdom for this crisis. Let the nation heed it.

WENDELL PHILLIPS.

Another Swindle-A Teacher Draws

MASSACHUSETTS.

\$5000 on Forged Paper and Absconds-Mr. Goodrich, the ex-Collector, and the Boston Merchauts-A Commercial Crisis Expected-Whipping in Public Schools.

Boston, November 22 .- A supplement to the Federal street swindle has just transpired. Charles A. Morrill, a sub-master in the Lincoln School, Ward Twelve, sent in his resignation to the School Board on Saturday last, and then suddenly skedaddled to parts unknown, leaving behind him forged paper to the amount of \$5000. The Mechanics' and Broadway Banks are the sufferers, having discounted the notes some time during last week. Mr. Morrill resides in Dorchester, is connected by marriage with one of the first families of this city, and had taught school in Ward Twelve for nearly twenty years.

Embarrassment is supposed to be the cause of all his troubles. His conduct has shocked the circles in which he moved, as he had been regarded as an exemplary man and a faithful

enneator. Hon. J. C. Goodrich, ex-Collector of Customs of this port, uneasy under the reflections cast upon him in Hon. Samuel Hooper's recent pamphlet defending the merchants of Boston against the aspersions of Mr. Goodrich, intends against the aspersions of Mr. Goodrien, the will to make a reply in a few days, in which he will attempt to show, from Mr. Hooper's pampilet itself, positive proof of all he stated or claimed in regard to the sileged fraud on the Govern-ment by Williams & Co., wine merchants. Mr. Goodrich claims that he has been placed in a false position before the loom mercial public.

Prices are tumbling rapidly, and failures are looked for. Much of the merchandise now on hand was purchased when gold was 150. Sales of gold were made to-day at 1384 and 1381. The market is well supplied.

Another severe whipping case has occurred.

this time in one of the Ward Twelve public

The decision in the case of the Cambridge teacher seems to have established a bad prece-dent. At the Municipal election in Cambridge candidates for School Committee will be placed on a separate ticket to gratify the "whipping" "anti-whipping" parties.

THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

List of the Commissioners—Articles for Exhibition New Heing Shipped.

The office of J. C. Derby, General United States Agent for the Paris Universal Exposition, le now the scene of much activity, in view of the fact that articles intended for exhibition are now being received and placed on board ship for transfer to France. The Havre packet ship Barpeteell is now lying at Pier No.6, North river. and will sall early in December. All goods for which space has been devoted should be tor-

warded to this city, m	arked as follows:
HAVRE PACKET	XPOSITION. SHIP: HARPSWELL! ier No. 6, North River. New York City.

Goods must be delivered on board the vessel at the exhibitor's expense, after which the Government will pay all expenses of freight and carriage to Paris. Notices of shipment, with a list of articles, should be forwarded to Mr. Derby's office, No. 40 Park row. Exhibitors of machinery should send full equipments of belts, shafts, pulleys, and other overhead work, and also wrenches, oil-cans, etc. The following are the names of the Commis-

J. C. Derby, General Agent for the United

PAID SCIENTIFIC COMMISSIONERS. J. P. Lesley, Philadelphia, member of the National Academy of Science, and of the Ame-

cican Philosophical Society.
Samuel B. Ruggles, New York, well known or his scientific and legal eminence.
F. A. P. Barnard, New York, President of Columbia College.
William Stade, Cleveland, Ohio, ex-Consul to Nice, and son of ex-Governor Stade, of Vermont.

John P. Kennedy, Baltimore, ex-Secretary of the Navy, now in Europe.

Henry d'Aligny, Marquette, Michigan, distinguished for his thorough knowledge of mineralogy and mining. He has since been appointed

State Commissioner for Michigan.

James H. Bowen, Chicago, President of the Caird National Bank.

Henry Failing, Portland, Oregon, T. Lawrence Smith, Louisville, Ky., one of leading scientific men of the country Louis Agassiz, the world-renowned naturalist.

UNPAID OR HONORARY COMMISSIONERS. T. Stewart, New York. H. Alexander, Baltimore,

J. R. Freese, Trenton, N. J., now in Paris, Robert E. Peterson (Child & Peterson), Phila-Charles B. Norton, Paris, since appointed State Commissioner for New York, John McGunness, Illinois.

W. J. Valentine, Paris. J. Hervey Jones, Pittsburg, an iron manueturer. William A. Adams, Cincinnati, Ohio. Frank Leslie, New York, of Frank Leslie's

Hustrated publications.

Thomas W. Evans Paris, the celebrated dentist of that city. He will have charge of the department of sanitary reforms and improve-

William H. Budd, the well-known merchant of this city. E. R. Mudge, Boston, heavy dry goods dealer. C. B. Seymour, New York, connected with

James Archer, St. Louis, Frofessor H. Duissonce, Philadelphia, now of Francis McIlvain, Philadelphia.

Charles R. Gorham, Paris. O. F. Winchester, New Haven, Lieutenant Governor of Connecticut. D. A. Leatherman, Tennessee,

STATE COMMISSIONERS. Maine, C. A. Shaw; Connecticut, P. T. Barnum; Massachusetts, J. M. Usher; New York, G. B. forton, A. Barbey; Pennsylvania, T. O'Conner Michigan, Henry d'Aligny: Illinois, T. Reynolds: Indiana, T. A. Wilstach: Iowa, T. M. Shaffer: Wisconsin, T. L. Butler: Minnesota, T. Mann; Louisiana, Edward Gotthiel; Oregon Charles M. Carter; West Virginia, T. H. Diss Debar; Alabama, Colonel Joseph Hodgson.— New York Tribune to-day.

THE NATIONAL FINANCES.

Currency Destroyed. Washington, November 22. - The Currency Buteau of the Treasury Department has, since the 1st instant, destroyed National bank notes valued at \$90, 000.

The Five-Twenty Bonds to be Redeemed The following correspondence, from the Euro-

pean circular of L. P. Morton & Co., is tin-portant as showing the policy of the Government relative to the payment of the principal of the Five twenty bonds in coin, and will tend to dissipate the doubts upon this question entertained in some quarters :-

NEW YORK, November 13 .- The Hon. Hugh McCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, D. C. - Dear Sir: - We have good reason for believing that an impression prevails very generally in London, and to some extent in Paris and Germany also, that the United States Govrnment will avail itself of the option of paying he Five-twenty bonds of 1862 next year, and that the liquidation will be made in currency.

This idea keeps the bonds much below the rice at which they would sell were it undertood that the Government regards itself as bound to pay them in gold. Should you deem proper to give an expression of your views as the kind in which the principal of the bonds ayable, of which we could make use through our European circular, we have no doubt the opinion would be of much interest to foreign investors in our funds. We are, dear sir, your obedient servants, L. P. Mouron & Co.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, November 15 .- Gent emen:—Your layor of the 13th instant is received. I regard, as did also my predecessors, all bonds of the United States as payable in coin. The bonds that have matured since the suspension of specie payments have been so paid, and I have no doubt that the same will be true with all This being, as I understand it to be, the established policy of the Government, the Five wenty bonds of 1862 will either be called in a the expiration of five years from their date and oaid in coin, or be permitted to run until the Government is prepared to pay them in coin.

am, very truly yours, Hear McCollock, Secretary, Messrs, L. P. Morton & Co., New York,

General Sherman's Mission. WASHINGTON, November 24 .- The ostansible bject of General Sherman's mission to Mexico is to be present at the election of a President and Congress, which is to be held directly after the French evacuation is consummated. It is expected that the newly elected Liberal Gov. erament will then call upon this Government for military support, and the presence of the Lieutenant-General has especial reference this contingency. Tois subject will be fully presented in the forthcoming annual message of the President, which is now in course of preparation. While it is denied by the Administration that this movement, taken without consolitation with the French representative here, is intended to embroil us with that power, it is universally admitted in diplomatic circles that there is serious danger that such may be the result, unless the conduct of Mesers. Sherman and Campbell is exceedingly prudent. The wish that the affair may end in a foreign war is openly expressed by the more violent Democrats,

ELECT	ION INTELLIGENCE	
For Controller o	LAND OFFICIAL, f the Treasury:—	40,066 27,124
	bers of Congress.	12,932
Russum Republic	ocratanan	11,728 4,669 18
	majority	7,609
	— MD:	7,209 5,365
Archer's major	dty	2,158
	M.	5.545 4,568
Phelps' majori	ty	977
Thomas, Republica		11 642 9 230
Thomas' majorit	Ÿ	2,112
Stone, Democrat .		8,858 2,039
Stone's major! Democratic major 15,168.	ty. ority in the State on Congre	6 799 semen,
	NEW JERSEY.	

Organization of the Legislature. The New Bruns wick Freedonian sets up the tol-

lowing as the probable organization of the Ttate
Lexislature of New Jerseyt—
President of the Senate—Benjamin Buckley,
of Passaic.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The "Great Eastern" to be Employed on the Atlantic.

Secreta y of the Senate-Enoch R. Borden, of Engrossing Clerk of the Senate-Edward Gard-

ner, of Orange.
Speaker of the House—James H. Nixon, of Sumberland. Clerk of the House-General Edward Jardine,

Engrossing Clerk-Uzal M. Osborn, of Union. UNITED STATES SENATORSBIP. The Jersey City Daily Times warmly supports George; T. Cobb for the Senatorship, and objects to the election of Mr. Frelinghaysen. The Newark Advertiser and the Monmouth Inquirer urse the claims of Mr. Freinghuysen, In West Jersey a number of the journals have declared for the newly appointed Senator. The Paierson Press, Morristown Jerseyman, and Sussex Register advocate the election of Mr. Cohn.

Prince Nicholas Mouravieff Karski. Prince Nicholas Mouravieff, whose death is announced by the Africa, was born at Moscaw in 1793. He entered the army in 1810, and after serving for some time in the Army of the Caucasus, he was cnarged in 1819 with a mission to Khiva. Having been appointed Major-General to the war against Persia, he distinguished himself before Kars, in 1828, and before Kailla, in 1829. In 1830 he distinguished himself in the 1829. In 1830 he distinguished himself in the campaign in Poland, and greatly contributed to the victory of Kazimiez, in consequence of which he received the grade of Licutenant-General. In 1832 he was charged with negotiating a suspension of hostilities with the Viceroy of Faypt, Mohammed All. In 1835 he was appointed Commander of the Fifth Corps of Infanty. In 1838 he felt into disgrace on account of disorders having crept into his corps, and for having neglected the armament of Sevastopol. chief representative of the Old Russian party and the Old Russian ideas. In 1848 he re-en the active army, and became a member of the council of war, and, later, commander of the Grenadiers of the Guard. In 1855 the Government gave him command of the Army of the lancasus and the conduct of the war. The capture of Kars was his last great exploit, from which he received the surname Karski. He remained commander of the Russian army in the Caucasian provinces until the accession Alexander 11, who appointed Prince Bariatinsky to that position in place of Mouravieff.

Captain Walker, U. S. Navy. Another hero of the late war has passed away. and one whose loss will be deeply felt in naval Captain William W. Walker, U. S. N. after an illness of two months, died, on Monday night, of heart disease, at the Brooklyn Naval Hospital. During the war be commanded the United States man-of-war De Solo, which renlered good service in the East Gulf Squadron by the capture of a number of tine prizes. Captain Walker was relieved from duty as commander of the De Soto last spring, since which period he has been engaged in various active iuties. He was recently ordered to this port as Light-house Inspector, Captain Walker was born in Maryland, and entered the service in and was 54 years of age at the time of his He has seen seventeen years sen service. about eleven years shore duty, and eleven years on the retired list. He was assistant to the lamented Admiral Gregory in superintending contract vessels. He has written a number of clever pamphlets on engineering. His body was sent to his friends in Washington last night.

Advantages of Advertising, as Applied to Horse Thieves. From the Hartford Times.

On Saturday, the 17th instant, we published the aunouncement of the arrest of a horse thief,

"ARRESTED.—The police have arrested a man by the name of E. Francis Gordon, who is supposed to be a noted horse-thief. Any person having any knowledge of his transactions will please commutowledge of his transactions will please commu-care with the Chief or Captain of Police at Hart

The result was a speedy circulation of the item, and the following responses were received at the Police Office yesterday and to-day:-DANIELSONVILLE November 20 -Chief of Police vant Francis Gordon, for stealing team. Can I him? Josuph Snew, Deputy Sherif.

Hopson, New York, November 20 - W. P. Chamberlin, Chief of Police; - Hold him! I will have a man there to-day to identity him. PETER S. RULVER.

NEW HAVEN, November 19 - W. P. Chamberlin, Ch et of Police: Hold Gordon, the tulef! I will be up on the noon train. S. B. TUTTLE. Sheriff Horne, of Winsted, as soon as he saw the Times that evening, came to Hartford, bringing a warrant for Gordon, for stealing a horse in that neighborhood.

I dvertisers Appreciated —M. de Gobineau, a French traveller, has lately published in Paris a volume on Central Asia. In the course of his travels he met a learned Persian, who told him that he greatly admired the French newspapers, and especially their fourth page (which contains the advertisements):—"This fourth page cannot he shoroughly comprehended except by a sage. He who invented it was a benefactor of humanity. In a singularly narrow space he has been able to collect the most valuable information: the honorable marriages which have taken place in the best circumstances of fortune; the houses on sale or to be let; the best works; and all, the most precious and venerable medicines."

Costly Piety — The widow of M. Thayer, a French Senator, has recently appropriated her family jewels, of the estimated value of several million francs, to a pious object. The gems have been mounted to been mounted to be a proper service of the cost of the service of the servi unted in a magnificent crown, which received the Pope's blessing, and has since been placed upon the head of the image of the Virgin in the chapel of Tonyens.

THIRD EDITION FROM WASHINGTON THIS AFTERNOON. FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

EUROPE.

LATEST NEWS BY ATLANTIC CABLES

Negotiation of the New Austrian Loan.

The "Great Eastern" to Run Be. tween Brest and New York.

The Latest Commercial News.

John H. Surratt in Italy.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

ELONDON, November 23,-It is reported that the steamship Great Eastern will begin to make regular trips between New York and Brest early

AUSTRIA. The New Loan to be Placed in the French and English Markets.

Paris. November 23.—There is a rumor to the effect that an Austrian loan of several millions pound sterling will soon be placed in the

OUR EUROPEAN SQUADRON.

Departure of the "Frolic" for Lisbon, London, November 23.-The United States steamer Frolic left Southampton yesterlay to join the American squadron at Lisbon.

THE LINCOLN ASSASSINS.

J. H. Surratt, the Lincoln Assassin, Arrested in the Hapal Zouaves. Rome, November 18.—John H. Surratt, the alleged accomplice in the assassination plot and murder of President Lincoln, has been found serving in the ranks of the Papal Zouaves. He was enrolled under the name of John Walson, and was arrested on demand of General King, the United States Minister.

When under arrest and being conveyed to prison, Surratt ran from the guard, leaped over a precipice, and escaped into the territory of the kingdom of Italy. The Italian authorities are on the alert to secure his recapture.

The King of Prussia Offers to Protect the Pape.

Madnin. November 21. The Etendard news-paper of this day's date says that the King of Prossla has written a letter to the Pope, offering him protection.

PRENCH DYPLOMACY IN AMERICA. Napeleon's Change of Minister in Wash-

ington.

By an Imperial decree dated at St. Cloud, October 28, 1856, the following changes among others, ar made in the Freuch Diplomatic Corps:— Arricle 2. The Marquis de Montholon, our Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipoten-tiary near the United States of America, is appointed as our Envoy Extraordinary and Minis ter Plenipotentiary near his Majesty the King of Portugal, in place of M. Bource, appointed as our Ambaseador near his Imperial Majesty

Article 3. M. Berthemy, our Envoy Extraordiary, etc., near the Emperor of China, is appointed as our Envoy Extraordinary and Minis ter Plenipotentiory near the United States of America, in place of M. le Marquis de Monthopour his Majesty the King of Portugal.

Yesterday's Commercial and Financial News.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET. LIVERPOOL. November 22-Noon. - The market

for Cotton opened firmer, with the prospect of sales for the day amounting to 13,000 bales, Pr es, however, are unchanged. Middling Up

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET. LIVERPOOL, November 22—Evening.—Bread-tuffs are firmer. Corn 38s. 9d. W quarter, for

LONDON MONEY MARKET. London, November 22-Noon.—The Money Market is easter. Consols are quoted at 90 for

The following are the opening quotations for American secutities: - Eric Railroad shares, 504;

nois Central, 781: United States Five-twen-

FROM BALTIMORE TO-DAY.

More of the recent Election Muddle-Indictment of Judges of Election, Etc. SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE EVENING TELEGRAPH:]

Baltimore, Nevember 23.-The Grand Jury low sitting has indicted several Judges of the recent election for violation of the election law. refusing voters whom they considered Rebel, and also for destroying ballots received from supposed conservative voters and putting radical votes in the ballot-box in their places. A trial s now progressing before a magistrate for three hundred dollars damages against a Judge for refusing what he considered a registered Rebel's

Fire at Dover, N. H. DOYER, N. H., November 23. - The upper part

of the City Hall building, including the armories of Strafford and the Light Battery, were burned at 2 o'clock this morning. The courtroom and county and city offices in the lower part of the building were injured by water, Loss probably ten thousand dollars. No

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, November 23.—The steamer Merrimac, Captain Vansice, from New Orleans on 7th instant, for New York, arrived here late last night, with the 36th Regiment United States Colored Troops, to be mustered out at this point.

Snow Storm in Boston. Bosrow, November 23 .- It is snowing quite plentifully here. The steamship Africa, from Halifax and Liverpool, on the 11th inst., has ar-

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO EVENING TELEGRAPH. Washington, November 23,

Investigation of the Cotton Frauds-Par-ties High in Authority Impeached. The Retrenchment Committee, which is now holding its sessions in this city, has been buskly engaged investigating the cotton frauds. The investigation has the effect of implicating parties occupying high and influential positions under the Government with these frauds. The Committee has made some astonishing developments in this regard. A great deal of fraud, more than at first supposed, has been practised upon the Government and citizens of the South by the cotton agents. It appears that these agents were in the habit of confiscating large quantities of cotton in the name of the Government, and after it had remained in their hands for a short time they would turn it over to an out-ide party, who sold it and divided the proceeds with the agents. Another game which was resorted to extensively by these men was to release the cotton upon the payment of a handsome bonus. The Committee will continue their investigation of this matter several days. Large numbers of witnesses have been called here from different sections of the country to testify in relation to these frauds. The Committee will meet again to-morrow.

The Impeachment of the President. We have a report here that prominent politicians had a meeting in Philadelphia on the 20th instant, at which articles of impeachment against the President were prepared. They are to be submitted to a caucus of Republican members of Congress. The names of the parties attending the caucus in Philadelphia will be turnished

Death of an Ex-Rebel.

Admiral French Forrest, formerly of the United Stares Navy, and late of the Confederate States Navy, died here yesterday, in the seventy-first year of his age.

The Conservatives and the Amendment. The Conservatives! Army and Navy Union, at their meeting last night, after a warm discussion, passed, by a two-thirds vote, a series of resolutions declaring that the propose Constitutional amendment should be rejected, and that, in the judgment of that organization, it is clearly the duty of the Conservative press throughout the country to appear to the Northern and Southern States to extend suffrage to the negro on such a qualized basis as may be deemed pro-

FROM CALIFORNIA. The State Officials Repudiate the Appointment of Bigler as Assessor at Sacramento.

San Francisco, November 22,-Three thousan't mineral specimens have been collected for the Paris Exposition of next year. The project of sending a section of the b'g tree of California to the Paris Fair has been nearly abandoned.

The following message, signed by Governor Low, the State Comptroller, the Auditor-General, Attorney-General McCullough, and Adjutant-General Evans, was transmitted telegraph to-day to the California delegation in

Washington:-The appointment of John Bigler as Assessor of Internal Rovenue at Sacramento is exceed-ingly distasteful to all Union men. Cannot the President be induced to rescind? prevail upon the Scoretary of the Treasury to delay the organization of affairs under Bigler. Any other course will throw the district into confusion, as none but Rebels will serve under

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, November 23.—Cotton dull at \$3.35c. Fiour 10@20c. lower. Sales of \$000 barrels. State \$8.211-60; Western, \$8.212-25; southern, \$11.75.26 16.25. Wheat dull, and 1.22c. lower. Corn quiet. Western \$1.23.21.23; beef dull. Fork lower. Mes- 21.621.21.75 Lard quiet. Whisky dull and remined.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

United States District Court-Judge Cadwalader.—The United States vs. Neal Brown The delendant is charged with manufacturing whisky, and removing it elsewhere than to a bonded ware-house. The allegation is that the defendant was detected about noon one day, opposite Laural Hill, hading the whoky. Upon imprection, no brain was found upon either barrel. The defendant was

The defense argued that there was no evidence that the defendant was not, at the time of his arrest, removing the whisky to a bonded warehouse. There is no evidence as to where he was going. He was stopped in the middle of his journey, before he had time to deposit or remove the whisky anywhere

The law is that before whisky is removed from the distillery the barrels and casks shall be marked and branded. But this law has been extant about two mouths, and Mr. J. P. O'Neil, who appeared for defendants, argued that when a lawyer is hardly an a to flud a law (as it seems there was a great di-ficulty in finding this), a poor, nulearned laboring man should not be deprived of his liberty because

he knew nothing of it. On trial.

Histrict Court-Judge Strond.—Ellen Shea,
Magaret Shea, Annie T. Shea, and Stophen Shea,
by their next friend, John tregan, vs. Stephen
Fanagan, William Lennox, Daniel M. Lennox, and the death of John Shea, the husband of Euen and father of the other plantiffs, who was cared to have been drowned by the carsessness of captain of the steam-tur Dr. Wolbert, in laying shielbetween Smith's Island and Walnut street f. On trial

ourt of Quarter Sessions-Allison, P. J .s Court is very busy in the trai of prison cases.

cry moining since the end of the Over and fermer the Court-room has been crowded, it might
aid, nearly to suffication. When the usual
iness was resumed there were over three hunod bills to be di posed of, and they are still coming
from the Grand Jury.

I esterday, at the adjournment of the Court, the
c of the Commonweaith vs. Washington Hamiln vas on tria. The defendant is charged with an

to vas on tria. The defendant is charged with an as sult and battery with intent to kill Lieutenant Jo oph C. Fu ier, of the police force. It is aloged the on the night of the 28th of isotemper last at an extra ward assessment, held at the corner of Fideral street and Moyamonsing avenue, Washing to rignificant amultion and his brother (who, however, is not ton Hamilton and his brother (who, however, is not on trial, standing some distance from the crowd that had congregated around, fired two pistol shots into the crowd. Mr. Fuller saw and pursued them. They r. n until they came to the market near by, when the defendant wheeled and fired, the shot taking effect in Mr. Fuller's left arm. The defendant was provided in his own house.

taking effect in Mr. Fullet's left arm. The defendant was arrested in his own house.

I has morning, on account of the absence of one
of the jurors empanelled in the case from illeess,
the jury was discharged and another, consisting of
the same o even that were in the box and another
one not before empanelled in the case, was called
Again the Common wealth's witnesses went of or
the same statements as were given to the first jury.
Leutenant Fuller said that he was at the assessment that night on dury; he did not have his uniform; but he was not compelled to wear the uniform, having had no orders that effect; he was
sober.

sober.

Another officer said that there was no cause whatever for the two young men to fire at the crowd, as nothing had been said or done to them that would justify such conduct. The Hamiltons cried out to the crewd, "Sproad yourselves!" fired, and

Other witnesses who were present at the occur-rence were called in corroboration of the statements already made On trial.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH,

Friday, November 23, 1866. The Stock Market was moderately active this morning, and prices were rather firmer. In Government bonds there was little or nothing doing. 1074 was bid for old 5-20s; 1054 for new do.; 1124 for 6s of 1881; 294 for 10-40s; and 1044 @ 1044 for June and August 7-30s.

© 1044 for June and August 7:30s.

City loans were in fair demand. The new issue sold largely at 1024, no change.

Railroad shares continue the most active on the list. 2500 shares of Reading sold at 55‡@ 55‡, an advance of 4; Camden and Amboy at 128@129, a decline of 2; Pennsylvania Railroad at 54‡@54‡, an advance of ‡ on the closing price last evening; and Philadelphia and Eric at 30‡, an advance of ‡.

City Passenger Railroad shares were dail. Hestonville sold at 14; 90 was bid for Second and Third; 3‡ for Spruce and Pine; 73‡ for West Philaselphia; and 32 for Green and Coates.

Bank shares continue in fair demand for investment. First National sold at 39‡; and Me-

Bank shares continue in fair demand for investment. First National sold at 39; and Mechanics' at 31;. In Canal shares there was very little movement. Schvylkill Navigation, preferred, sold at 34;, no change; and common do. at 25, a decline of 1.

Quotations of Gold—10; A. M., 1385; 11 A. M., 139; 12 M., 139;; 1 P. M., 139;. PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO-DAY

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street BEFORE BOARDS. 100 sh Reading..... 56 100 sh Cata pt...... 28 100 sh do.... 560 561 100 sh Cata pt...... 272 200 sh Sch Nipt. lots 34 ### Star | Star | Star | Star |

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-Messrs, De Haven & Brother, No. 40 Sonth —Messrs. De Haven & Brother, No. 49 South Third street, report the following rates of ex-change to-day at 1 P. M.:—American gold, 138½ @139; Silver &s and &s, 133; Compound Interest Notes, June, 1864, 14½; do., July, 1864, 14½; do., August, 1864, 13½; do., October, 1864, 12½; do., December, 1864, 11½; do., May, 1865, 10½; do., August, 1865, 9½; do., September, 1865, 9; do., October, 1865, 8½.

Philadelphia Trade Report.

FRIDAY, November 23 -There is no improvement is notice in the Flour Market, and prices incline in favor of buyers. There is no inquiry except from the home consumers, who mamiest but little disposition to operate. Sales of superfine at 88@850 P barrel, extras at \$9@10.50; 200 barrels unsound Northwest extra family at \$10, 850 barrels sour winter wheat do. do at \$7@8, and 100 barrels sancy at \$15.50. Rye Flour is dull, and cannot be quoted over \$7 25@7 75 P barrel. Nothing doing

in Corn Meal, The spiritless condition of the Wheat Market notes for some time past still continues, and prices are nominal at \$2@3 15 \$\phi\$ bushel for Pennsylvania red; and \$8.20 for jouthern do. White ranges from \$3.30.38 40. In the absence of sales, we quote Western Rive at \$1.35; and Pennsylvania do. at \$1.40. The Corn Market is almost at a stand. Sales of old yellow at \$1.18\alpha 1.2; and new do. at \$0.00\square. Outside are excessively dull. Small sales were made at 53c. Nothing doing in Barley or Malt.

Cloverseed is in request, and 200 bushels sold at 9 25 39 60 P 64 ibs ; Timothy ranges from \$3 25 3 Flaxseed is selling at \$3.25 D bushel. Whisky is dull and lower Ono is offered at \$2.43, and 100 barre's Pennsylvania, in bond, sold

VOTING AT THE SUNDAY SCHOOL FAIR-THE VOTE ON THE A. P. A. REGALIA. - Consideable interest is manifested among the members the various Lodges of the Order in their forts to secure the magnificent regalia now being voted for at the Fair for the beneat of the Sunday School of St. John's Protestant Epis-

opal Church.

Last evening many of the Lodges were repre ented at the Fair, the rooms of which were filled to their atmost espacity. When the fair closed the vote stood as follows:-Waldense Lodge, 169; Montgomery, 163; Harmony, 113; Israelite, 63; Hebry Clay, 10; Mt. Sinal, 7; Zachary Tay-For the regalia of the I. O. of O. F., 76 votes

were polled for Mr. William Crolius, of Neptune

edge, and 2 for William Penn Lodge. Total, 78. For the base-ball implements, 14 votes were polled in favor of the Gazelle Club, and 6 in avor of the Orion. Total, 20, ANNIVERSARY MEETING .- The ninth anniversary of the Young Men's Revival Noon-day Prayer-Meeting was held to-day at the come of the Young Men's Christian Association. At noon the meeting was opened with prayer

A large and attentive audience was gathered

together. Addresses were made on the great good that has been done by the noonday

prayer-meetings, and the influence they have

exerted. The exercises were interspersed with

singing. The regular proceedings of the prayermeeting were gone through with. A STRAY STEER.-There is now in the charge of Lieutenant Tolbert, of the Sixteenth District Police, at Thirty-seventh and Market streets, a stray steer. The owner is requested to call and prove property, and remove it.

Ample Scope - The Princess Dagmar, of Denpark, professed the Greek faith on the 24th of October, and on the 26th of October was betrothed to Alexander, heir apparent of Russia. Should this lady live, says the London speciator, she and her sister, the Princess of Wales, a few years since living almost in obscurity in a Ger-man town, will be the wives of men ruling. realls or nominally, one-half the world, and a clear third of the human race. Indeed, if they divide China between them, quite a possible event, but one-third of mankind will live out-

de of their dominions. Novel Funeral Rite.-The Pall Mall Gazette ays:—"The Queen's late huntsman was buried esterday at Sunninghill. Lord Colville, the toble Master of the Buckhounds, Major-General Hood, Major-General Seymour, and Colonel R. H. Vyse, met the body at the church. The favorite hunter of the deceased was shot previous to the funeral, and the cars of the animal were aced upon his coffin when fin the grave, and ouried with him. A large number of the neigh

oring gentry were present at the funeral," Office Holders in France. - Paid officers in France, to the number of seven thousand tax-gatherers, two hundred and eighty-two re-ceivers, and eighty-nine receivers-general, with eighty-eight paymasters, collect and disburse the public revenue, and this small army of onice-holders is in the patronage of the Minis-

Sea-water — Each morning at the Paris station of the Western Hallway there may be seen great vats full of sea-water brought from Dieppe, This water is used for baths and aquarla, which increase in number in Paris. There is even now in Paris a merchant who deals in nothing but safe water if he are with the control of the out salt water. It is a new trade, as may be

imagmed. An Abundant Apple Crop.—It is said that in many orchards between Hereford and Kingston, England, whole droves of pigs may be seen daily turned loose to eat up the apples. Cider fruit is selling at threepence a bushel, and eating apples are to be purchased at a proportionably